Hillsborough Recorder

UNION, THE CONSTITUTION AND THE LAWS—THE GUARDIANS OF OUR LIBERTIES.

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A MIRROR FOR YOUNG WIVES.

"I must have it, Charles," said the handsome little wife of Mr. Whitman. "So don't put on that sober face."

"Did I put on a sober face?" asked the husband, with an attempt to smile that was anything but a success.

"Yes, sober as a man on trial for his life. Why, it's as long as the moral law. There, dear, clear it up, as if you had at least one friend in the world. What money lovers you men are!"

"How much will it cost?" inquired Mr. Whitman. There was another effort to look cheerful and acquiescent.

"About forty dollars," was answered, with just a little faltering in the lady's voice, for she knew the sum would sound extravagant.

"Forty dollars? Why, Ada, do you think I am made of money?" Mr. Whitman's countenance underwent a remarkable change of expression.

"I declare, Charles," said his wife, a little impatiently, "you look at me as if I were an object of fear instead of affection. I don't think this is kind of you. I've only had three silk dresses since we were married, while Amy Blight has had six or seven during the same period, and every one of hers cost more than mine. I know you think me extravagant; but I wish you had a wife like some women I could name. I rather think you'd find out the difference before long."

"There, there pet, don't talk to me after this fashion! I'll bring the money at dinner time, that is, if—if"

"No ifs, or buts, if you please. The sentence is complete without them. Thank you, dear. I'll go this afternoon and buy the silks; so don't fail to bring the money. I was in at Silkskin's yesterday, and saw one of the sweetest patterns I ever laid my eyes on; just suits my style and complexion. You wont disappoint me?"

And Mrs. Whitman laid her soft white hand on the arm of her husband, and smiled with sweet persuasion in his face.

"Oh, no. You shall have the money," said Mr. Whitman, turning off from his wife, as she thought, a little abruptly, and hurrying from her presence. In this precipitation he had forgot the parting kiss.

"That's the way it is always," said Mrs. Whitman, her whole manner changing as the sound of the closing street door jarred upon her ears. "Just say money to Charles, and at once a cloud in the sky."

She set down poutingly, and half angry.

"Forty dollars for a new dress!" ejaculated the husband of the vain, pretty, thoughtless Mrs. Whitman, as he shut the door after him. "I promised to settle Thompson's bill to-day—three dollars—but I don't know where the money is to come from. The coal is burnt up, and more must be ordered. Oh, dear, I am discouraged. Every year I fall behind. This winter I did hope to get a little in advance, but if forty dollar silk dresses are the order of the day, there's no end to that devoutly to be wished for consummation. Debt! debt! How I have shrunk from it; but steadily now it is closing its Briarean arms around me, and my constricting chest labors in respiration. Oh! if I could but disentangle myself now, while I have the strength of early manhood, and the bonds that hold me are weak. If Ada could see as I see—it could make her understand rightly my position. Alas! this is hopeless, I fear."

And Mr. Whitman hurried his steps, because his heart beat quicker and his thoughts were unduly excited.

Not a long time after Mr. Whitman left home, the city postman delivered a letter to his address. The wife examined the writings on the envelope, which was in a bold, masculine hand, and she said to herself as she did so:

"I wonder who this can be from?"

Something more than curiosity moved her. There intruded on her mind a vague feeling of disquiet, as if the missive bore unpleasant news for her husband. The stamp showed it to be a city letter. A few times, of late, such letters had come to his address, and she had noticed that he had read them hurriedly and thrust them without remark into his pocket, and became silent.

If the thought of Mrs. Whitman recurred, as was natural, to the elegant silk dress of which she was to become the owner on that day, she did not feel the proud satisfaction her vain heart experienced a little while before. Something of its beauty had faded.

"If I only knew what the letter contained," she said, half an hour after it came in her mind, still feeling the pressure which had come down upon it so strangely, as it seemed to her. She went to the mantle piece, took up the letter, and examined the superscription. It gave her to understand that its contents were of a nature to trouble her husband.

Mrs. Whitman turned the letter over and over again in her hand, in a thoughtful way, and as she did so, the image of her husband sober faced and silent, as he had become for most of the time of late, presented itself with unusual vividness. Sympathy stole into her heart.

"Poor Charles!" she said, as the feeling increased: "I'm afraid something is going wrong with him."

Placing the letter on the mantlepiece, where he could see it when he came in, Mrs. Whitman entered upon some household duties, but a strange impression, as of weight, lay upon her heart—a sense of impending evil—a vague feeling that all was not going well with her husband.

"He has been a little mysterious of late," she said to herself. The idea affected her very unpleasantly. "He grows more silent and reserved," she added, as though her mind under a kind of feverish excitement, became active in a new direction. "More indrawn, as it were, and less interested in what is going on around him. His coldness chills me at times, and his irritation hurts me."

She drew a long, deep sigh. Then with an almost startling vividness, came before her mind in contrast, her tender, loving, cheerful husband of three years before, and her quiet, silent, sober-laced husband of to-day.

"Something is going wrong with him!" she said aloud, as the feeling grew stronger. "What can it be?"

The letter was in her hand.

"This may give me light." And with careful fingers she opened the envelope, not breaking the paper, so that she could seal it again if she desired to do so. There was a bill of sixty dollars and a communication from the person sending the bill. He was a jeweler.

"If it is not settled at once," he wrote, "I shall put the account in suit. It has been standing for over a year, and I am tired of getting excuses instead of my money."

The bill was for a lady's watch, which Mrs. Whitman had almost compelled her husband to purchase. "Not paid for? is it possible?" exclaimed the little woman, in blank astonishment, while the blood mounted to her forehead.

Then she sat down to think. Light began to come into her mind. As she sat thus thinking, a second letter came to her husband. She opened it without hesitation Another dunning letter.

"Not paid! Is it possible?" she repeated the ejaculation. It was a bill of twenty-five dollars for gaiters and slippers, which had been standing for three months.

"This will never do!" said the awakening wife—"never—no, never!" and she thrust the two letters into her pocket in a resolute way. From that hour until the return of her husband at dinner time, Mrs Whitman did an unusual amount of thinking for her little brain. She saw, the moment he entered, that the morning cloud had not passed from his brow.

"Here is the money for that new dress," "he said, taking a small roll of bills from his vest pocket, and handing them to Ada as he came in. He did not kiss her, nor smile in the old bright way. But his voice was calm, if not cheerful. A kiss and a smile just then would have been more precious to a young wife than a hundred silk dresses. She took the money saying:

"Thank you, dear. It is kind of you to regard my wishes."

Something in Ada's voice and manner caused Mr. Whitman to lift his eye with a look of inquiry to her face. But she turned aside so that he could not read its expression.

He was graver and more silent than usual, and ate with scarcely an appearance of appetite.

"Come home early, dear," said Mrs. Whitman, as she walked to the door with her husband, after dinner.

"Are you impatient to have me admire your silk dress?" he replied, with a faint effort at a smile.

"Yes; it will be something splendid," she answered.

He turned off quickly from her, and left the house. A few moments she stood with a thoughtful face, her mind indrawn and her whole manner completely changed. Then she went to her room, and commenced dressing to go out.

Two hours later and we find her in a jewelry store on Broadway.

"Can I say a word to you?" She addressed the owner of the store, who knew her very well.

"Certainly, he replied, and they moved to the lower end of one of the long show cases.

Mrs. Whitman drew from her pocket a lady's watch and chain, and laying them on the show case, said, at the same time holding out the bill she had taken from the envelope addressed to her husband.

"I cannot afford to wear this watch, my husband's circumstances are too limited. I tell you so frankly. It should not have been purchased, but a too indulgent husband yielded to the importunities of a foolish wife. I say this to take blame from him. Now, sir, meet the case if you can do so in fairness to yourself. Take back the watch and say how much I shall pay you besides."

The jeweler dropped his eyes to think. The case took him a little by surprise. He stood for nearly a minute, then taking the bill and watch said:

"Wait a moment," and went to a desk near by.

"Will that do?" He had come forward again, and now presented her with a receipted bill. His face wore a pleased expression.

"How much shall I pay you?" asked Mrs. Whitman, drawing out her pocket book.

"Nothing. The watch is not defaced."

"You have done a kind act, sir," said Mrs. Whitman, with a trembling voice. "I hope you will not think unfavorably of my husband; it's no fault of his that the bill has not been paid. Good afternoon, sir."

Mrs. Whitman drew her veil over her face and went with light steps and light heart from the store. The pleasure she had experienced on receiving her watch was not to be compared with that now felt in parting with it. From the jeweler's she went to the boot maker's, and paid a bill of twenty-five dollars, and from thence to the milliner's and settled for her last bonnet.

"I know you are dying to see my new dress," said Mrs. Whitman gaily, as she drew her arm within that of her husband's on his appearance that evening. "Come into the parlor, and let me show it. Come along; don't hang back, Charles, as if you were afraid."

Charles Whitman went with his wife passively, looking more like a man on his way to receive sentence than in expectation of a pleasant sight. His thoughts were bitter.

"Shall my Ada become lost to me?" he said in his heart—"lost to me in a world of folly, fashion, and extravagance?"

"Sit down, Charles." She led him to a large cushioned chair. Her manner had undergone a change; the brightness of her countenance had departed. She took something in a hurried way from a drawer, and taking up a foot stool placed it on the floor near him, and looked tenderly and lovingly in his face; then handed him the jeweler's bill.

"It is receipted, you see." Her voice fluttered a little.

"Ada! how is this, what does it mean?" He flushed and grew eager.

"I returned the watch, and Mr. R. receipted the bill. I would have paid for damage, but he said it was uninjured, and asked nothing."

"Oh! Ada."

"And this is receipted, also, and this," handing him the other bills which she had paid.

"And now, dear," she added quickly, "how do you like my new dress—is it not beautiful?"

We leave the examination and scene that followed to the reader's imagination. If any fair lady, however, who, like Ada, has been drawing too heavily on her husband's slender income, for silks and jewels, is at a loss to realize the scene let her try Ada's experiment. Our word for it she will find a new and happy experience in life. Costly silks and jewels may be very pleasant things, but they are too dear when they come at the price of a husband's embarrassment, mental disquietude, alienation. Too often the gay young wife wears them as the sign of these unhappy conditions. Tranquil hearts and sunny homes are precious things—too precious to be burdened and clouded by weak vanity and love of show. Keep this in mind, ye fair ones who have husbands in moderate circumstances. Do not let your pride and pleasure oppress them. Rich clothing, costly lace, and gems, are poor substitutes for smiling peace and hearts unshadowed by care. Take the lesson and live by it, rather than offer another illustration in your experience of folly we have been trying to expose and rebuke.

BRIGHAM YOUNG ON FAST YOUNG MEN.—Brigham Young is evidently "down on" young men of immoral habits. In a recent sermon he spoke of having refused several young saints the privlege of visiting his house and becoming acquinted with his daughters, because they were in the habit of profaning the name of Diety, and then added: "I do not wish my daughters to be entangled with one who does not serve God. I would rather see every one of them sealed to Father Perkins here, who is eighty-five years of age, than that any of them should be sealed to a wicked man."

THE POPE AND AUSTRIA.—The reply of Baron Beust to the recent Papal allocution is published in the foreign journals. He says the language of the allocution is of a severity he has a right to complain of, and charges the Holy See with extending its interference to objects which the Austrian government cannot admit to be within its authority. In conclusion, he says that the Austrian government will continue to allow the Church to enjoy in peace the liberties the laws secure her, and to treat her in a spirit of conciliation, which he hopes will be reciprocated.

DEATH OF THE LARGEST MAN IN KENTUCKY.—William G. Willis died at his residence in Bullittsville, Boone county, Kentucky, a few days ago, of apoplexy, in the forty-eighth year of his age. He was probably the largest man in Kentucky, weighing five hundred pounds. His average weight for a number of years has not been less than four hundred and ninety pounds, and sometimes is reached five hundred and twenty-five pounds.

A spunky young lady in Lewiston, Me., recently severely thrashed a fellow who used insulting language to her, she taking him by the collar and compelling him to retract the language he had used.

A HORRIBLE MISTAKE.—Barthiolemy Poncey, a Frenchman who served in the United States army during the whole war, was guillotined after his return to France, as guilty of the murder of an old gentlemen from the Isle of Bourbon. It is now believed that he was entirely innocent, and that the French government is at present in possession of documents showing who the real assassin was.

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HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

Wednesday, Aug. 19, 1868.

All those indebted to this office for subscriptions, advertisements, or job work, are earnestly requested to make immediate payment. Our necessities require it, and our advanced age admonishes us of the propriety of settling up our affairs.

The Hon. Thaddeus Stephens died at his residence in the city of Washington at about 12 o'clock on the night of Tuesday the 11th inst. His remains, with three passenger cars and an escort, left Washington for his home in Lancaster on Friday.

The bill which passed the Legislature of Alabama, taking the election of Presidential Electors from the people and giving it to the Legislature, was vetoed by the Governor, and the Legislature adjourned to the first Monday in November without any further action upon it.

☞ We desire to call the attention of the public to the fact that Mr. Laspeyre and other enterprising gentlemen, are now engaged in opening Marl Phosphate and Green Sand Beds in Wayne county, and will have a few tons at Hillsborough in time for the Fall crops. Those who wish to obtain a cheap, and one of the most endurable fertilizers known to the agricultural world, would do well to leave their orders at the store of Mr. James Webb, jr., on or before the 10th of September. It will be delivered to them at cost and carriage.

Democratic and Conservative State Convention.

The delegates of the Democratic and Conservative party assembled in Convention in the city of Raleigh on Thursday last. At 10 o'clock, the hour appointed for meeting, the spacious Hall was crowded with delegates and spectators—and there were many hundreds outside of the Hall who were unable to obtain admittance—the right and front galleries being filled with the fair ladies of the city.

On motion of the Hon. Thomas Bragg of Raleigh, Capt. Joseph J. Davis, of Franklin, was invited to take the chair as temporary Chairman, and Messrs. Seaton Gales and J. A. Engelhard were requested to act as Secretaries pro tem.

On taking the chair, Capt. Davis very briefly and appropriately addressed the audience, and expressed his grateful acknowledgments for the honor done him.

The list of the counties being then called over, it was found that sixty counties were represented, many of them very largely.

On motion, a committee was appointed, of one from each congressional district, to recommend permanent officers of the Convention.

As soon as the committee had retired, vociferous calls from all parts of the House brought the Hon. Josiah Turner, jr., to the rostrum, and his presence was the signal for tumultuous applause.

Mr. Turner addressed the meeting for some time in his usual trenchant and forcible style, his remarks being protracted by repeated demands of the audience that he should "Go on," notwithstanding that he several times essayed to stop. He was greeted throughout with great enthusiasm.

W. J. Yates, Esq., from the Committee on permanent organization, here submitted a report with the following nominations for the permanent organization of the meeting:

FOR PRESIDENT.

Col. R. H. Cowan, of New Hanover.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

1st Dist. F. B. Satterthwaite, of Beaufort.
2nd " John D. Whitford, of Craven.
3rd " A D McLean, of Harnett.
4th " Henry G Williams, of Nash.
5th " A M Scales, of Rockingham.
6th " David Schenck, of Lincoln.
7th " R M Stokes, of Buncombe,

FOR SECRETARIES.

Seaton Gales, of Wake.
J A Engelhard, of New Hanover.
Wm Biggs, of Edgecombe.
Jordan Stone, of Halifax.
Robert Farman, of Granville.
R A Shotwell, of Rutherford.
W. A. Hearne, of Wilson.
T C Evans, of Milton.

The report was unanimously adopted, and Capt. Davis, in a few neat remarks, on retiring, presented the permanent President to the body.

Col. Cowan, on taking the chair, addressed the meeting at some length in a feeling and appropriate manner. We would be glad to give a sketch of his remarks if we had room.

On motion of Gov. Bragg, a committee of fifteen was appointed to prepare resolutions for the action of the meeting.

[It was here suggested that the number of persons outside, who were unable to get in the Hall, was immense, and that they were desirous of having speakers sent out to them. The President of the Convention requested Col. W. A. Jenkins, of Warren, to comply with this desire of the people.]

Mr. Dancy, of Edgecombe, moved that a Committee of fifteen be appointed by the Chair, whose duty it should be to nominate and recommend two candidates for Electors for the State at large. Carried.

Loud calls for Wm. R. Robbins, Esq., the gallant and able Senator from Rowan, brought that gentleman to the rostrum, where, for more than an hour, he enchained and delighted the vast auditory with a powerful, earnest and eloquent effort.

After an effort, marked by his patriotism and statesmanship, from the Hon. William A. Graham, the convention adjourned until 4½ o'clock.

On the re-assembling of the Convention, Captain James C. Dobbin of Fayetteville, was called out and addressed the meeting in an able and eloquent manner.

The Committee on the nomination of Electors for the State [at large here reported the names of the Hon. James W. Osborne, of Mecklenburg, and Capt. Jos. J. Davis, of Franklin; which nominations were ratified and approved amid prolonged acclamations.

Capt. Davis, Col. J. A. Richardson of Bladen, and S. T. Williams, Esq., of Granville, successively yielded to calls upon them, and addressed the Convention ably and acceptably.

The latter gentleman was interrupted by the return of the Committee on Resolutions, who, through their Chairman, Gov. Bragg, reported a series, which were read; when, before a vote on them. On motion of Plato Durham, Esq., the Convention adjourned until to-morrow morning, 10 o'clock.

Friday Morning, August 14th, 1868.

The Convention was called to order, at the designated hour, by the President, who announced the first question for consideration to be the resolutions reported by the Committee on yesterday.

Upon motion of Judge Biggs, the resolutions were again read by the Chairman of the Committee,—enthusiastic applause greeting each section as it was read.

On motion of Mr. Wright, of Wayne, they were unanimously adopted. They are as follows:

We, the delegates of the Democratic and Conservative people of North Carolina in Convention assembled, do resolve:

1st. That we approve of the nomination by the National Democratic Convention of Horatio Seymour for President and Frank P. Blair, Jr., for Vice President of the United States. That in these men we recognize statesmen of experience and eminent ability, of sound political principles, of unsullied public and private character, and undoubted patriotism, and as such, we recommend them to the hearty support of the people of North Carolina.

2nd. That we approve of the platform of principles adopted by the said Convention. It palters in no double sense—its language is explicit and its meaning clear—the issues presented to the country are plainly and unmistakably defined, and, with a free and fair election, we confidently believe they will be endorsed by a large majority of the people—and with that endorsement must come such a change in the administration of the National Government, as will restore the Constitution and give peace, harmony and prosperity to the country, and especially to the down trodden States of the South.

3rd. That it is our earnest desire and intention to bring about these wholesome and necessary changes by the peaceful means of the ballot box—and all efforts to produce a contrary belief, coming from what quarter they may, are but the tricks of interested partizans of a desperate political faction, bent upon perpetuating its power by any means and at all hazards. They are attempting to alarm the people of this State by the false cry of revolution and war, threatening them at the same time with military force; while, in other States of the South, they have not hesitated to take from the people the election of electors of President and Vice President, and to confer it upon Legislatures, the members of which were elected under military rule, without freedom of choice and with no regard to the question of the Presidency, in order to secure the electoral votes of such States for the radical candidates, in disregard and defiance of the just rights of the people of such States, and of the whole country.

4th. That it is our frank purpose now, and has been, since the close of our late civil war, to accept and abide by, in good faith and without disturbance, the legitimate fruits and consequences of that war; to yield to the Government of the United States a cheerful submission and allegiance, and to perform all the obligations of good citizens to their rightful government. And we do proclaim, that in asking recognition, on terms of equality, in that grand copartnership of States which constitutes our Federal Union, we do so with no hostile intent; on the contrary, we wish to share its benefits and its duties; to rebuild our waste places under the protection of its flag; to re-establish the old era of good feeling in our common country; to thwart the designs of unpatriotic men everywhere, who seek to perpetuate discord and division; and to participate in the blessings, as well as the burdens, of the Government.

5th. That we have seen with indignation the complete overthrow of our late excellent system of State government and laws, and the adoption of others in their stead heretofore unknown to our people, unsuited to their condition, and utterly adverse to their habits, their wishes and their interests; and with this change, has come the election to high places of profit and trust, of men, in most instances, without character or qualifications, and not a few of whom are mere adventurers from abroad, having no interest in common with the people of the State, no fitness whatever for the stations which they have reached, by means most unworthy and disreputable.

6th. That the attempt by the Governor of this State, aided by his extreme partizans, in and out of the Legislature, to have himself clothed with authority to appoint, organize, equip and keep on foot, a large standing force of not less then 6000 men, to be selected and officered and commanded by him, with power to any member of the said force to arrest any citizen, without authority or warrant from any civil officer or magistrate, was a measure clearly violative of the Constitution of the United States as well as that of the State, dangerous to the liberties of the people, and well calculated, if not intended, to produce bloodshed in our midst, and, as such, it deserves to be reprobated by all well disposed citizens of the State.

7th. That the measure subsequently introduced, and which is now pending and will in all probability be adopted, however artfully disguised, is but the same measure, under another name, with one or two of its objectionable features altered, but which yet clothes the Governor and his creatures and partizans with hitherto unheard of powers, which are susceptible of great and dangerous abuse in the hands of men who have shown but too plainly their purpose to rule the people of this State by the bayonet, and, as we believe, to attempt the control of the next election by that means.

We most earnestly recommend to the people of the State, and especially to our political friends, to give no occasion or excuse for the use of military force, but nevertheless to yield none of their just rights.

8th. That the Governor of this State having proclaimed it as the policy of the Radical party, to suffer no one to hold any office, appointment or place in the State, however humble, who will not lend his aid and promise his support to that party, and which policy he and his political friends are now vigorously enforcing to affect the exercise of the elective franchise, it is the sense of this Convention that the people have the right to counteract such policy by all lawful means, if they think proper to do so. That any citizen of the State, therefore, has a manifest right, of which he cannot be lawfully deprived, to employ or not to employ, or cease to employ, any person whatever, when any existing contract terminates; and that any attempt on the part of the Legislature, by any pretended law, to deprive any citizen of such right, or to impose any penalty or penalties for so doing, will be in violation of the constitutional rights of the citizen.

9th. That to obtain success in the approaching Presidential election, every effort should be made by our friends to perfect their organization, and no legitimate means should be spared to bring every voter, favorable to our cause, to the polls. To that end we most earnestly recommend to our friends to organize, at once, Seymour and Blair Clubs in every County and every District, with active canvassers, whose duty, among other things, it shall be, to see that all our friends, entitled to vote, are duly registered and brought to the polls, and that unqualified persons are not allowed to register or vote.

The meeting was afterwards addressed by Col. Ed. Graham Haywood of Raleigh, and Mr. Duffy of Greensborough.

A committee of one from each Congressional District, appointed for the purpose, recommended the following, which were unanimously confirmed:

RESIDENT CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

M A Bledsoe, R C Badger, Seaton Gales, Bryan Grimes, E G Haywood, D G Fowle, A S Merrimon.

STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

1st Dist. Chas Latham, of Washington.
2nd " W G Morrisey, of Wayne.
3rd " J A Engelhard, of New Hanover.
4th " Jas S. Amis, of Granville.
5th " A M Scales, of Rockingham.
6th " R M Oates, of Mecklenburg.
7th " A C Avery, of Burke.

Mr. Hutchison, of Mecklenburg, offered the following resolution, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the enormous and unwise appropriations and reckless extravagance of the party now in possession of the State Government, by burdening the property holders with excessive taxation, thereby impairing their ability to give remunerative employment to labor, calls for our most unqualified disapprobation, and should meet the most decided condemnation of an impoverished people, at the polls.

Mr. Wilson, of Forsythe, offered the following, which was adopted with acclamation, viz:

Resolved, That the thanks of the people of North Carolina are due to and in their name are hereby tendered to Gov. Worth for the able and faithful discharge of all the duties of his office, and for his manly efforts during a period of great embarrassment and difficulty to maintain the Constitution and preserve the liberties of the people of North Carolina.

The Hon. W. N. H. Smith offered the following which was unanimously adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Convention are due, and are hereby tendered, to Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, for his faithful efforts to uphold the Constitution and to maintain the just rights of the people and States of the South; and it offers to him its cordial congratulations upon the failure of the attempt on the part of a faction to degrade and remove him from office, for no offence, but the maintenance of the Constitution and the most useful functions of his office.

Mr. Smith responded most happily to a call upon him.

Mr. Stokes, of Buncombe, offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Executive Committee of the Democratic party of North Carolina invite an exchange of speakers between the North and South, during the present campaign.

Resolved, That, in case this invitation is accepted at the North, the Executive Committee be requested to select two or more of our ablest speakers and best men to go North and represent to the masses of that section the true political feelings and condition of our people,

Mr. Hill, of Franklin, offered the following, which was adopted with loud and continued acclamations, viz:

Resolved, That the thanks of the Convention be, and are hereby, unanimously tendered to the Ladies of Raleigh, for the patriotism and taste exhibited in their beautiful and appropriate decoration of this Hall.

The President then, in some very happy remarks, after a motion to that effect, declared the Great Convention adjourned *sine die*.

PUBLIC MEETING IN ORANGE.

According to the adjournment of the Public Meeting of 29th of July, there was an enthusiastic concourse, consisting of upwards of 800 of the people of Orange county, at the Court House in Hillsborough, on the 15th of August. The meeting was called to order by Henry K. Nash, Esq., who stated the unavoidable absence of the Chairman, and nominated John W. Norwood, Esq., to preside.

Mr. Norwood, upon receiving the unanimous vote of the house, took the chair and entertained the assembly for half an hour in one of his happiest efforts, replete with argument and eloquence, as he dwelt upon the present usurpations on the part of men in high places, and our well-grounded hopes of relief at an early day, and restoration to all our ancient liberty. He gave a lucid explanation of the three separate departments of our national government, and exposed in its true light the illegality of Congress laying violent hands on the two other branches. The man "who writes himself Governor" and his subservient Legislature were not forgotten in his scathing exposition of their abuse of constitutional power. Our Judiciary, past and present, including Supreme Court, National and State, were dwelt upon, and an earnest appeal made that people at the ballot box would declare that they should be restored to their former purity, when the bench of North Carolina was respected at home, and honored abroad as second to none in the Nation. Among the many good points made against the usurping party, he brought forward the one that has already attracted the notice of the Northern people. The ten states, that have been thrown into the hands of less than 4,000,000 negroes under the carpet baggers, send twenty Senators to Congress while New York with as many white inhabitants, sends only two Senators.

Major R. W. York, of Chatham county, upon invitation, next addressed the meeting at some length, his remarks eliciting frequent applause. He said that it was a matter of astonishment that the deseendants of a people who, after a contest that had lasted for centuries, had wrested their liberty from tyrants and established it upon a sure foundation, should be called upon to discuss the ends, the aims, the designs of government. These questions were considered settled, until revived by the party of moral ideas within the last few years. It was now for the first time, we heard of "extra constitutional" power, and of stretching the constitution to maintain the tyranny of a minority over a majority of the people. Our mode of civil procedure, which had answered all the ends of justice and was understood by our people, had been abolished, and that of a Northern State substituted for it, unsuited to our manners, and not understood yet by the lawyers themselves, or by the Convention that had adopted it, as they had copied it upon the suggestion of carpet baggers, without having seen any part of it put in practice. This, and their reckless voting away of millions of dollars, when the people were not able to pay the present indebtedness, proved that they were handling subjects which they were not qualified to legislate upon.

Upon the motion of Mr. Nash, who stat-

ed that owing to the great crowd, and the warmth of the day, many of the people were prevented from hearing the speakers, the meeting adjourned, without intermission, to the open air in front of the Court House.

Gov. Graham then addressed the meeting in an able and effective speech, which it is hoped will be given hereafter in full. He approved both of the platform and the nominees of the Democratic Convention. He spoke in high terms of Gov. Seymour; regarded him as one of the purest and best men of the country; and a statesman of the highest attainments. The platform, he thought, was such as would have met with the approval of the Whig party in 1844, '52, '56, and any other Presidential campaign.

Col. Robt. Strange, of Wilmington, was next called for, and being introduced by the Chairman, entertained the audience in an able and impressive address. He said that feeling unwell and not expecting the invitation, he was unprepared to make a speech, but felt he could not decline the compliment. He gave an interesting history of the harmonious action of the National Democratic Convention, where every state in the Union was represented. His speech was receive with frequent applause.

Gen. R. B. Colston being vociferously called for, responded in a few remarks, alluding to the importance of the contest, and the character and abilities of the opposite candidates. We regret that we cannot do him the justice to report his remarks in full. After an expose of Grant's military reputation, he said his knowledge of civil affairs was sufficiently shown when he asked a friend "if the President did not have the power to dissolve Congress!"

Col. Wm. Bingham being called out, made a few appropriate remarks, which were well received.

Hon. Josiah Turner, jr., was loudly called for. He said he could add nothing to the rich entertainment which had been furnished by the gifted and distinguished gentleman who had preceded him. Mr. Turner discussed fully the men and measures of the day. He read the police bill, and the bill making it penal to discharge, or refuse patronage to voters to influence their votes. Now, said Mr. T., because the Legislature has passed this bill, and armed the police to intimidate white voters, he, to-day, had dismissed Soloman, a freedman, from his service in contempt of this bill and the men who had made it the law. He now dismissed him, before this large assembly of black and white men, in contempt of the law, and because Soloman belonged to the League, a secret political society dangerous to the liberties of the country. Go, he said, to the league men and tell Holden, tell the Legislature, to come and execute their law upon him; tell them to send short Todd, the Lieutenant Governor, and the members of the Legislature who voted for the bill, to execute it.

Mr. Turner having promised a report of his speech for the press, we will not do him the injustice to attempt it here.

On motion of Maj. John W. Graham, the chairman appointed twenty-five delegates to the convention at Franklinton on the 10th Sept., to nominate an Elector and a Representative to United States Congress.

The following gentleman were appointed:

John U. Kirkland, P. C. Cameron, Josiah Turner, Jr., John W. Graham, C. E. Parish, A. C. Murdock, Dr. Pride Jones, John H. Webb, Jas. Y. Whitted, H. K. Nash, Jones Watson, W. L. Saunders, T. M. Argo, W. N. Patterson, R. F. Morris, J. R. Green, W. A. Thompson, H. Fetter, Addison Mangum, Joseph Woods, J. J. Allison, Capt. Wm. Parrish, Dr. E. M. Holt, R. F. Webb, Wm. Lipscomb.

The meeting then adjourned sine die.

JOHN W. NORWOOD, Chair.

J. C. Webb, Jr. } Sec.
R. D. Graham. }

Ex Minister Adams.—Hon. Charles Francis Adams, ex-United States Minister to Great Britain, in response to a letter of the Boston Quincy Grant Club, announces that he has "in no respect varied in attachment to the principles he held before his departure from the United States," and that he is "still devoted to the support of the self-evident truth proclaimed in the great declaration of 1776, to the maintenance of our glorious Union against every enemy, and to the supremacy of the constitution as our protection against assaults from without as well as within." He adds that his resignation and return to America was solely to seek repose and retirement. He will not enter into politics.

Nineteen hundred sheep, in one flock, were recently driven from Ohio to Kansas, where sheep-breeding and wool-growing are becoming more and more important.

Force of Habit.—A day or two ago the driver of a horse which has been used for a long time in hauling for a large commission house in this city was taken so sick after he had driven the horse home and given him his mid-day feed that he was unable to hitch him up again, and had to remain in the house. At the sound of Green's factory bell for one o'clock, however, the horse, though unharnessed, came out of his stable and walked down the street to his usual standing place and backed up in front of the door, where he remained until the same bell rang for six o'clock, the hour for stopping work, when he trotted himself off home. *Alexandria Gazette.*

Providence, R. I., Aug. 11.—Nelson Cummings, conductor of a freight train on the Worcester Railroad, was killed at noon to-day, as the train was about starting from the depot in this city. His hands slipped as he was getting up between two cars; he fell with his neck across the rail, and his head was entirely cut off.

New York, August 11.—The body found Saturday in East river proves to be that of Charles Ellett, formerly a judge in California, and for nine years a member of the firm of Binninger & Co., of this city. Wounds were found on his person, and four thousand dollars in money and his watch were gone. He was undoubtedly robbed, murdered and thrown into the river.

Robert Dunlap, late of Auburn, Me., died and left behind him $1,600 in United States bonds. He willed $400 to his wife, one-half of the remainder to the Baptist Church in Buckfield, Me., and the balance to the Baptist Missionary Society. His wife waved the provisions of the will and asked an allowance. The Judge, after hearing the case, gave her the whole $1,600.

In Lyme, Conn., the other day, Miss Ellen Marvin sent to a drug store for tincture of rhubarb, and taking a dose of it, became quite sick, and died next day. Examination revealed the fact that some poison—probably oxalic acid or corrosive sublimate—had been mixed with the medicine, whether accidentally, or by design, is unknown.

A Providence druggist, on Monday, put up chemically pure sulphuricy acid, instead of the aromatic, as the prescription of the physician directed. Fortunately, the physician visited the patient, a lady, before the fiery dose was administered, and discovering the blunder, saved her life.

An act of the Legislature of Tennessee now makes habitual drunkenness a cause for divorce on the part of either the husband or the wife.

Two hundred and twenty-four unmuzzled dogs were captured in Philadelphia durining last week. Twenty of them were redeemed; the remainder killed.

Board at Saratoga has gone up enormously since the races commenced. Sky-parlors rent for about six dollars per day.

A woman in Minnesota who had gathered a quantity of potato bugs, burned them in her cooking stove, and while leaning over the stove inhaled poisonous fumes. She fell to the floor insensible, and died in about ten minutes.

Mr. Seward gave a grand banquet at his own house, in Auburn, N. Y., to the Chinese embassy, on the 5th inst.

San Francisco, August 13.—The town of Laporte, California, has been destroyed by fire. Loss $500,000.

A writer in the New England Farmer says that he has tried the experiment of planting a tomato plant by the side of his fruit trees, and that in no case yet has the borer troubled such trees.

A ten-acre field of wheat, near Platte city, Mo., recently harvested, yielded 585 bushels and 22 pounds of wheat.

Cotswold sheep are said to be in greater demand in England now than ever before—at a late sale fifty-five averaged $150 in gold.

MARRIED.

In Person county, by Calvin Hawkins, Esq., Mr. HENDERSON H. CROMPTON to Miss HASSLETINE McKEE.

Near Chestnut Ridge, on the 16th inst., at a blacksmith Shop, (in a hurry) by the Rev. D. W. Thompson, Mr. SAM. SYKES, to Miss LUCY A. MINNIS.

CLOVER SEED.
LUCERNE SEED.
ORCHARD GRASS SEED.
For sale by J. WEBB, Jr.
Aug. 18. 5g—

$20 SEWING MACHINES.
HAND me $20 and get the worth of your money. JAMES WEBB, Jr., Agent.
Aug. 53—

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Hillsborough, N. C., on the 17th of August, 1868, which if not called for within one month will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Mrs Nannie W Allen	Miss Sallie McDowell
S Y Brown	C Marable 2
Miss Bettie Brown	Mrs Margaret A Morton
J J Bowers	Harriet Manly
James Campbell	Mrs L C Miller
Paul Campbell	Henry Motley
Allen Collins	John C Murphy
Miss Nannie A Clark	Miss Mary Nelson
J J Cothran	Mrs Nancy C Rasco
John E Cates	Miss Anny Ray
J R Clark	Lius Reve's
James R Dollar	John Thompson
Mrs Aley Dodd	F M Thompson
W P Duesse	John T Tinnon
Man Dunnegan, adm'r	Mrs Frances Turner
R G Fuzgerald 2	Capt W H H Thomas
Miss Ellen Ferrel	Frank Umsted
Miss Callie Gray	Miss Alice M B Whaley
Mrs Edney Hill	A T Watkins
Mrs Clarissa Harris	Miss Martha Wilson
Mrs Canvis Horton	John Walton
Alexander W Harrington	J G Woods
Thomas Moore	Mrs Charity E Wilson

☞ Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say they are advertised.

D. HEARTT, *P. M.*
August 19. 52—

Mecklenburg Female College,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. A. G. STACY, A. M. President, assisted by accomplished Instructors in all the Departments.

Next Session opens October 1, 1868. Rates low for the times.

Best advantages afforded. Delightful location. Spacious and commodious buildings. The College has enjoyed a remarkable degree of prosperity.

For circular, and specimen copy of College Magazine, address

A. G. STACY, Charlotte, N. C.
August 19. 52—

The National Intelligencer
FOR THE CAMPAIGN.
A VALUABLE CAMPAIGN PAPER.
Circulation of Political Information.

THE Campaign upon which we have just entered is by far the most important and momentous in which the people of our country have ever been called upon to participate. The life of the nation, the liberties of the people, the rights of persons and property, are all in jeopardy. An unscrupulous faction in Congress has usurped all the powers of the Government. The people alone have the power in their hands. To do this promptly and effectually they need all the information that can be furnished to them.

There never was a time when the necessity for the dissemination of sound poiltical information was so great as at present. The journals which furnish this information should be sent broadcast throughout the land, and be put into the hands of every voter in every State, county, town, village, precinct and hamlet, in every household from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

To supply this need we have concluded to put the Weekly Intelligencer for the campaign at such a price as will place it within the reach of all.

It will be supplied to Clubs of ten or more to the same Post Office at Fifty Cents per copy for the Campaign, or for four months prior to January 1, 1869.

Published at Washington City, the great political centre of the country, we enjoy peculiar facilities for obtaining and presenting to our readers the earliest and most reliable political information, and to keep our patrons thoroughly posted in regard to events of political importance.

We call upon our friends throughout the country to exert themselves to push this circulation of the Campaign Weekly Intelligencer to the fullest possible extent. If they will do this service, we pledge ourselves to do our part of the work with all the energy and ability and industry we can command.

SNOW, COYLE & CO.,
Proprietors National Intelligencer,
Washington, D. C.
August 19. —52

WANTED.
ALL KINDS DRIED FRUIT.
BROWN, & CO.
August 4. 50—

HERRINGS! HERRINGS!!
6,000 N. C. CUT HERRINGS,
75 lbs. EGERTON'S SCOTCH SNUFF, in bladders, warranted equal to any manufactured in the world. For sale by
HEGEPETH & PLEASANTS.
June 24. 46—

AS GOOD AS GOLD IF YOU PAY!

NOW is the time to bring in your Money, or Wheat, Flour, Corn Meal, Oats, and all kinds of Dried Fruit, Bacon, &c., to pay your bills, and save your credit for another hard time comeing.

I want short time and prompt payments to sell low. Old bills must be paid before new ones are made.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.
July 7. 46—

ROSADALIS
Purifies the Blood.
For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.

AGENTS—WANTED.
$175 PER MONTH to sell the NATIONAL FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This Machine is equal to the standard machines in every respect, and is sold at the low price of $30. Address NATIONAL SEWING MACHNE CO., Pittsborough, Pa.
July 1. 45—3m

JULY STOCK.

WE take great pleasure in calling your attention to our Stock just bought by our
MR. PARKS.
New prices at our House for
Dry Goods, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Groceries and Confectionaries, Wood and Crockery Ware, Clothing and Notions.
Remember, New Goods at New Prices at Hillsborough.
BROWN & CO.

P. S. Had you not best buy, your Goods at Hillsborough? Come with Cash and Produce.
WANTED, all kinds of Dried Fruit.
BROWN & CO.
July 15. 54—

PERUVIAN GUANO,
10,000 POUNDS, fresh and pure, now in store,
and for sale cheap, for cash only.
JAMES WEBB, Jr.
October 9. 09—

LADIES' SHOES.
MANUFACTURED by
T. MILES & SONS,
Congress Gaiters and French Morocco Bootees,
And many other new Goods, Cheap for Cash or Barter, at
JAMES WEBB, Jr.
June 10. 42—

FAIR NOTICE.
I SHALL proceed to collect, according to law, every cent due me on the 1st day of July next, without fail. Call and see if you owe me anything before that time.
JAMES WEBB, Jr.

A. M. LOWE'S
Cheap Cash and Barter Store.
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Bacon, Berries, and All Kinds of Dried Fruit,
TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR
GOODS.

THE undersigned would respectfully call the attention of his friends, and the public generally, to the fact that he has opened business at the Latimer Old Stand, with a New Stock added to his former purchases.

Being comparatively a stranger, he is determined to sell Goods, for Cash and Barter, at the lowest possible figures, that he may extend his acquaintance in the business, and also enable the people to live through these hard times as easily as possible.

He has no desire to get rich off of an impoverished people, only wishing a support from the profits. With these motives, and his small per cent. on goods, he flatters himself of a fair proportion of custom.

Come one, come all, with Barter or Money,
With Chickens, or Rags, or Butter and Honey.
A. H. LOWE.
August 12. 60—

VALUABLE LAND
FOR SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to me by David A. Taylor for certain purposes therein mentioned, I shall offer for sale to the highest bidder, on the premises, on Thursday, the 1st day of October next, a valuable tract of Land, on the west prong of Eno River, in Orange county, adjoining the lands of Thomas H. Hughes, E. J. Hester, Richard Thompson, and others. Said tract contains Five Hundred and Ten Acres. It has a fine dwelling on it, with seven rooms and four fire places, and every out-house that can be desired, with plenty of good and never failing water. It may be cut up into small tracts to suit purchasers.

All persons having claims against said David A. Taylor will present them before or on the day of sale.

J. A. McDADE, *Trustee.*
Cedar Grove, August 12. 60—

BAKER'S BREAD!!
A CONSTANT SUPPLY ON HAND!!!
RECEIVED FRESH THREE TIMES A WEEK.
Prices so that everybody can use it!!!!!
For Sale by
W. A. GATTIS & CO.
July 28. 49—

WANTED.
I WANT to buy
RAGS, OLD COPPER AND BRASS,
either for Cash or Trade. I want, in exchange for Goods,
Beeswax, Flaxseed,
Old Castings, Lead,
Zinc, Flour,
Bacon, Corn,
and all kinds of country produce.
E. H. POGUE.
Feb. 13, 25—

JULY 1868.
I HAVE just returned from
NEW YORK,
and am receiving many seasonable goods, which I will sell very cheap for cash or barter.
JAMES WEBB, Jr.
July 47—

FRESH AND NEW GOODS.
WE are now receiving a full Stock of Drugs and Medicines.
Letter, Note, and Legal Envelopes, and Cap Paper, Steel Pens, Fabey Lead Pencils, Pen Holders, Toilet Soap, Colognes, Pomades, Hair Oils, Hdkf. Extracts, Lubin's Genuine Extracts, Fish Hooks, a large lot Tooth of Brushes, a splendid assortment of Pocket Knives, Razors, Razor Straps, Pipes, &c. &c.
Call at the DRUG STORE.
March 11 1868. 30—

NEW GOODS.

I AM now opening a General Assortment of Goods, at prices to suit these hard times, for cash and barter.

JAMES WEBB, JR.

THE CAROLINA FARMER.

BELIEVING that the interests of the Farmers and Planters of this section demand the publication of a periodical devoted to the advancement of Agriculture in the two Carolinas, we have determined to establish such a periodical under the title of THE CAROLINA FARMER, and will issue the first number as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers are obtained to pay a reasonable share of the expense of publication.

The Farmer will be issued monthly at $2 per annum, in advance; will contain not less than thirty-two large double-column pages of reading matter, bound in handsome covers; and in typographical execution will not be surpassed by any Agricultural Monthly in the country.

Being determined to do whatever energy will accomplish in making the Farmer worthy the support of the intelligent Planters and Farmers of North Carolina and South Carolina; and desiring to introduce it into every county in those States, we wish to employ active Agents at every Post-office, to whom the most liberal inducements will be offered.

Our exchanges in the two Carolinas will confer a favor, which we will be glad to reciprocate, by giving this announcement a few insertions in their advertising columns, with such editorial comment as they think the probable value of such a periodical as we propose publishing may justify.

Address all communications to

WM. H. BERNARD.

July 1.—45 Wilmington, N. C.

FURNITURE WARE ROOMS.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the public, that he is still doing business on Wake street, between King and Tryon, and keeps on hand and makes to order, any discription of Furniture.

Upholstering done with neatness, Gvilt Mouldings for picture frames. Walnut and common wood Coffins on hand, and furnished at short notice.

Also Fisk's Metallic Burial Cases of all sizes on hand. A Hearse for Funeral occasions. Burials in Town and country strictly attended to.

CHARLES S. COOLEY.

Hillsborough, April 14th, 1868. 35

PIANOS. PIANOS. PIANOS.

CHARLES M. STIEFF,

Manufacturer of

First Premium Grand and Square Pianos,

Factories 84 and 86 Camden street, and 45 and 47 Perry street,

Office and Warerooms, No. 7. N. Liberty street, above Baltimore street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

ALL of our Pianos are of the Grand scale, with A-graffe treble and Ivory fronts, and have all the latest improvements, and fully worranted for five years.

Second hand Pianos and Parlor Organs always on hand, from $50 to $300.

I respectfully refer to the following persons, who have our Pianos in use:

Gen. Robert E. Lee, Lexington, Va.; Gen. Robert Ransom, Wilmington, N. C.; Rev. C. B. Riddick, Kittrell's Springs, N. C.; Willie J. Palmer, Deaf and Dumb Institute, Branson, Farrar & Co., and P. F. Pescod, of Raleigh, and Capt. Henry Richards, of Hillsborough, N. C.

For terms and further particulars apply to

Prof. CHARLES O. PAPE,
Agent for Hillsborough.

November 27. 16 -12m

FOR SALE.

50 DOZEN cans Fresh Peaches, 3 lb. Cans (quarts,) at $4,00 per dozen,

15 DOZEN Cans Fresh Peaches, 6 lb. Cans (2 quarts,) at $8.00 per dozen.

Also Cherries, and Blackberries. By

E. H. POGUE.

Feb. 12. 25—

WAFFLE Irons for Stoves, all sizes, cheap at

E. H. POGUE'S.

March 18. 30—

FRESH ARRIVALS.

February 1st, 1868.

VERY CHEAP FOR CASH OR BARTER.

JAVA Coffee, Laguayra Coffee, Rio Coffee, Syrup, Cider Vinegar, Bacon, Lard, and Salted Beef.

KEROSINE and Aurora Oil, Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks.

HORSE Collars, Trace Chains, Axes, Hoes, Drawing Knives, Steel Hoes, Steel Forks, Spades, Long and Short Handle Shovels, Sole and Upper Leather, Roe Herring.

All kinds of produce taken for goods the year round.

WANTED.

I particularly want now. Shelled Oats, Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, Corn, Wheat, Sweet and Irish Potatoes, Cabbage, Butter, Eggs, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Beef, Mutton, and anything else to eat.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

February 12. 25—

COOKING STOVES!!

FRESH Arrival of Western Empire and Buck's Patent Cooking Stoves! They are in every respect first class Stoves, and are warranted to give satisfaction. For Sale LOW for Cash or good Produce.

E. H. POGUE,
Hillsborough.

Varnish, White-wash and at the DRUG STORE.

"1000 BALANCES"

DUE AT OUR CABIN.

WE have one thousand small Balances due us. Think of it. If you are one who owe us, $10, $20, $30, $40, $50, $100, $200, $400, $800, or 1000 Dollars, please multiply by 1000 and see if we do not want money. How are we to get money pay what we owe, unless you think, we want it, expect it, and live in hope of your getting it and paying it, and that promptly.

BROWN & CO.

June 23. 44—

"SMALL BALANCE DUE."

HOW can we sell you, if you do not pay the smal balance due us?

BROWN, & CO.

"YOU WANT HELP."

THE way W get too help us.

BROWN & CO.

"SHERIFF OR COLLECTOR."

IF you find your small balance in the hands of the collector, it is because we must have a settlement.

BROWN, & CO.

WHAT IS WANTED.

IT is the small balance you owe us! but we want We have one thousand small balances.

BROWN & CO.

ATTENTION ALL—THE FACT.

YOUR attention is called to the fact that we must have money. We expect you who owe us to make payment.

BROWN & CO.

WANTED MONEY.

[illegible] us, remember we owe [illegible] money to pay our debts.

BROWN & CO.

PLEASE CALL.

IF you owe us, pay part; if you please call and pay up

BROWN & CO.

A FACT.

WE will render statements to our friends who owe us, and expect them to pay. It is a fact tha we must have money.

BROWN & CO.

June 23. 44—

VERY superior Green Tea, just received, by

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

GENTLEMEN summer Undershirt's. Just received by

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

July 24. 48—

ROSADALIS,

A CONSTANT supply kept on hand By

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

July 24. 48—

JUST RECEIVED!

250 REAMS Wrapping Paper of best quality, which will be sold at Manufacturer's Price.

E. H. POGUE.

SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, &c.

THE subscribers desire to inform their friends and the public, that they have opened an establishment for the manufacture of

SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS,

and every thing usually kept in their line of business They intend to make good work out of good materials, and sell at reasonable rates for money, or country produce delivered when the work is taken from the establishment.

They will be found in the front room of the Hedgpeth Hotel, (remember the place,) ready at all times to attend to repairs, or anything else needed in their line of business.

They earnestly solicit persons to give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, as they are confident hey will be able to please, both in quality and price.

A. HEDGPETH.

January 29. 24—

LANDRETH'S

GARDEN SEED,

A FRESH SUPPLY, at the DRUG STORE.

February 12. 26—

CABBAGE SEED,

AND a variety of other Garden Seed. For sale by

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

February 12 25—

SAVE YOUR CABBAGE!!

CRESYLIC PLANT PROTECTORS!!!

WHICH will destroy all insects on plants; also will run off ants and roaches from your houses.

And CRESYLIC SOAP, to cure Mange on Dogs, and Scratches on Horses, and Lice on Animals.

For Sale by

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

☞ Call and get a Circular with directions.

July 29. 49—

W. A. Gattis, & Co.

Dealers in Confectioneries, Family Groceries, &c. &c.

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

THE undersigned are still at the old CONFECTIONERY STAND, where they will be pleased to serve their customers and the public generally. Will endeavor to keep constantly on hand a good assortment of

Confectionaries, Candies,
Nuts, Raisins,
Figs, Sardines,
Lobsters, Oysters,
Salmons, Pickles, &c. &c.

ALSO.

Pepper and Spice,
Ginger, Powder and Shot,
Snuff, Tobacco, Herrings, &c. &c.

ALSO.

We invite all to call and see us—the prices shall be right. We will take all kinds of country produce in exchange for goods.

W. A. GATTIS & Co.

August 14. 01—

HILLSBOROGUH CHEAP CASH AND BARTER STORE.

New Goods,

NOW READY

Cheaper than Jew or Gentile,

AT

Wholesale and Retail.

Country Merchants, will be supplied at fair rates.

JAMES WEBB, Jun.

Oct. 3. 57—

A BEATTIFUL White Kerosene Oil in one and five gallon Tin Cans, at the DRUG STORE.

WALKING Canes, at the DRUG STORE.

IF YOU want a good smoke, go to the DRUG STORE.

A FULL Line of Paints and Dye Stuffs, at the DRUG STORE.

A WHEATON'S and other Itch Ointment, at the DRUG STORE.

FISH Hooks and Lines, Marbles &c. at the DRUG STORE.

A FINE Assortment of Pipes and Stems, some very fine, at the DRUG STORE.

YOU will find a pretty lot of Jewelry, at the DRUG STORE.

SEWING Machine Oil, a superior article at the DRUG STORE.

April 11. 32—

A FINE and full Assortment of Pocket Scissors, at the DRUG STORE.

POMATUMS, Hair Oils, Colognes and Extracts for the Handkerchief, at the DRUG STORE.

RAZORS, Razor Strops and Shaving Brushes, at the DRUG STORE.

HAIR Brushes, Pocket, Round, Fine and Dressing Combs, at the DRUG STORE.

KEROSENE Lamps, Shades, Wicks, Burners and Chimneys, at the DRUG STORE.

CAP, Letter, Bill, Note and Legal Paper—Note and Letter Envelopes, at the DRUG STORE.

POCKET Books and Port Monie Pocket Memorandum Books, at the DRUG STORE.

A GREAT variety of Tooth and Nail Brushes, and Toilet Soap, Honey Soap and Shaving, at the DRUG STORE.

TO PHYSICIANS AND OTHERS.

WE have just received a full and complete stock of Drugs and Medicines, which will be sold low for cash. Call and see the prices, at the DRUG STORE,

Cain's Corner.

April, 11th. 32—

WILLIAM WINSLOW, Specill. Par. RICHARD N. TAYLOR, General Partner.

RICHARD N. TAYLOR,

WHOLESALE GROCERY,

AND

Commission Merchant,

Corner Craven & South Front Stre 's,

NEWBERN, N. C.

Refers to J. M. Conway, 15 Park Place, New York, Wygant & Hoest, 68 Dey Street, " James S. Woodward's Sons, 28 North Front Street, Philadelphia, W. B. Gulic & George W. Swipson Bank, Raleigh, N. C. R. M. Gates & Co., Charlotte, N. C.

December 4. 17—

THE COMMON SENSE SEWING MACHINE.

PRICE $20,000.

JAMES WEBB, Jr. Agt.

For Orange County.

Sept. 24. 07—

THEOMOMETERS.

2 DOZEN, just receive ,by Express.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

Sept. 24. 07—

8186. 1868

SPRING TRADE!

THE undersigned, returning his thanks to the Merchants and others, who have favored him with their patronage, takes pleasure in announcing t his friends and the public that he is now able to make a further deduction in the wholesal

TIN WARE.

and by using the best materials and availing himself of the use of the most improved Machinery, he offers TIN WARE, WHOLESALE AND RETIAL, of superior a quality to any manufactu ed elsewher in the State.

He still offers to take in exchange any kind of good barter, but does not want to sell Tin Ware, or any thing else, on time.

E. H. POGUE,
Hillsborough, N. C.

ON SALE.

12 KEGS Nails, by the Keg.
21 Boxes Snuff, Virginia Belle,
200 Bales to box, $15 00 per box.
or 10 cents per bale,
Sheet Iron at 11 cents per pound,
Russia Sheet Iron at 25 cents per pound.
Sheet Zinc at 20 cents per pound.
300 lbs. best Leaf Lard.
200 lbs. Sugars, assorted,
100 lbs. best Soda.
200 lbs. Coffee, best Rio,
Pepper, Spice and Ginger,
1 box of very fine Chewing Tobacco.
For Sale by

E. H. POGUE.
Hillsborough.

Feb. 12. 25—

COOKING STOVES.

A GOOD assortment constantly kept on Sale Cheap. Special attention invited to Buck's Patent, the best stove in the market, wh warrant to give satisfaction in every instance.

Buck's Patent with Pipe and Furniture $36.00
Buck's Patent with Pipe and Furniture No. 7 $35 00
Buck's Patent with Pipe and Furniture No. 8 $40,00.

Will take Cash, or good Barter.

E. H. POGUE.
Hillsborough.

Feb. 12. 25—

FRUITS, NUTS AND CANDIES.

JUST received fresh

ORANGE, LEMONS,
NUTS, RAISINS.

FIGS in large and small boxes. A full assortment Candies, Pickels, Crackers, Sardines, &c. &c., at the DRUG STORE.

February, 27. 75—

NOTICE TO TANNERS AND PAINTERS.

JUST received, best quality of TANNER'S AND LINSEED OIL.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

Sept. 9th. 85—

PURE RYE WHISKEY,
Apple Brandy,
French Brandy,
Port Wine,
Madeira Wine,
Gin, for Medical purposes, at the DRUG STORE.

CLOVER AND LUCERNE SEED. We will have Clover and Lucerne Seed in a few days at the DRUG STORE.

BLUE STONE, at the DRUG STORE.

CONGRESS WATER, at the DRUG STORE

MACE, Nutmegs, Cloves, Spice, Cinnamon, Ginger and Pepper, at the DRUG STORE.

KEROSINE Lamp Chimneys, at the DRUG STORE.

THE BEST TONIC in use, Elixer of Peruvian Bark with Protoxide of Iron, at the DRUG STORE.

September 12. 64—

TO TANNERS.

want light UPPER LEATHER.

I will sell it for you, or I will give Goods for it. Tanner's Oil, &c.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

August 28. 03—

WANTED.

G and Dry Hides, in Exchange for Goo

JAMES WEBB, Jur.

Oct. 24. 60—

TO THE LADIES.

WE have received a lot of Steven & Howe's Family Dyes, for dying Ribbo s Silk and Worsted Dresses, and other light goods. Also Soap Powders, for washing the same. Call an see samples, at the DRUG STORE.

April 11th. 32—

The HILLSBOROUGH RECORDER

IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY

BY DENNIS HEARTT,

At Two Dollars per annum, paid in advance.

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